



UNC CFAR Social and Behavioral Science Research Core
SABI Database

INSTRUMENT TITLE: Percent Measure

SOURCE ARTICLE: Berg, K. M., Wilson, I. B., Li, X., & Arnsten, J. H. (2012). Comparison of antiretroviral adherence questions. *AIDS and Behavior*, 16(2), 461-468.

POPULATION: Women, men, HIV-positive, African American, Latino, Attend methadone clinic

RESPONSE OPTIONS: 0%, 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 100%

SCORING: Highest response option considered 100% adherence

SURVEY ITEMS: “Thinking about the past 4 weeks, what percent of the time were you able to take all your medications as your doctor prescribed them?”

RELIABILITY INFORMATION: No reliability information was reported.

VALIDITY INFORMATION: Convergent validity was assessed via comparison to frequency measure, rating measure, VAS, and CPCRA. Criterion-related validity was assessed via comparison to viral load.

TERMS OF USE:

Individuals may use this information for research or educational purposes only and may not use this information for commercial purposes. When using this instrument, please cite:

Berg, K. M., Wilson, I. B., Li, X., & Arnsten, J. H. (2012). Comparison of antiretroviral adherence questions. *AIDS and Behavior*, 16(2), 461-468.

When presenting results using any survey information you obtained from the SABI, please acknowledge the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Center for AIDS Research (CFAR), an NIH funded program P30 AI50410.